# The Warriner Multi Academy Trust

#### Primary History Curriculum

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The curriculum for history aims to ensure that all pupils:

- know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world
- know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind
- gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'
- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses
- understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed
- gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts: understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales

## **Key Enquiry Questions**

These questions form the basis of our historically enquiry through each theme. We are proud that we are able to provide a broad and balanced history curriculum through all of our themes.

	Early Years							
This is me	Who are you?	Where are they?	Here and now	Around the World	Looking forward			
How have I grown and changed? How have my family grown and changed? Who in my family are older than me?	What were some jobs like in the past and what are they like now?	Do places I know about change over time?How has my home town changed over time?		Are there old churches in other countries like the one in my town?				
			ar 1	I	I			
A local history study – Arctic Explorers Brilliant Brackley / Banbury		World Changers t	hroughout history	London and the o	Great Fire of 1666			
How has my home town changed over time? Was there ever a castle built in the town where I live? Where has it gone?	How has being an artic explorer changed over time?	How did Mary Seacole, Alexander Fleming, Crick, Watson and Franklin, and the scientist working at Oxford University in 2020 change the world?		Who was to blame and who helped in the Great Fire of London? What lessons did we learn from the Great Fire of 1666?				
		Yea	ar 2					
Significant building	s around the world	The Great	Rainforests	The Britis	n Coastline			
Why did castles become such a prominent part of England? Were castles just built in Brackley or did other places have them? What other types of ancient buildings were built and why were they built?		Is there a golden city called El Dorado in the Amazon Jungle? Who was Sir Walter Raleigh and what happened when returned to England?		How did the railways change the British coastline? Who was William Henry Smith and why were the railways so important to him?	Why did the Victorians start visiting the seaside? How has the seaside changed since the Victorian times?			

		Yea	ar 3		
The Stone Age	to the Iron Age	Natural Disasters	The Romans in Britain		Vikings and the battle for d in 1066
The Bronze Age and The Irc	How was life different for people in The Stone Age, The Bronze Age and The Iron Age?		How did the Romans influence the culture of people already living in	What was life better in Anglo Saxon Britain? The Vikings – ruthless killers or peaceful settlers? Why did a Frenchman become King of England?	
What was better, the bronz	e or the iron age?	of Vesuvius, Krakatoa and the South East Asian tsunami so deadly?	Britain? How did the Romans invade Britain and how successful were they?	William the Conqueror, hero or villain?	
		Yea	ar 4		
A local history study – The Battle of Edgehill and the English Civil War	Light and lenses	The Ancien	nt Egyptians		vers and oceans
What local evidence do we have that a key battle in the English Civil war took place neat by?	(history element of this unit of work is covered in science)	Should the Ancient Egyptians have been proud of their pyramids? Was the river Nile the source of Ancient Egypt's success?	How is modern Egypt different from Ancient Egypt? Who was Huda Sha'arawi and how did she change Egypt?	Who was the first person to climb Mt Everest? What happened afterwards and was it fair? Has the use of the river Thames changed over time? Why?	
		Yea	ar 5		
	t Greeks ood thing or not?		torians - al Revolution	The Mayans	Earth and Space
Can we thank Ancient Greece for anything in our lives today? What evidence is there about life in Ancient Greece and what can it tell us about how successful the civilisation was?		How did daily life change over the reign of Queen Victoria? Was it really better to be rich than poor as a child in Victorian times? How did the child of an American slave make Thomas		What was life like for an ordinary Mayan?	How has human understanding of our place in the universe changed from the Stone Age to the present day?
Does democracy allow for p	progress?	Edison famous?			

	Year 6								
The Exploration of Antarctica	World War 1	World War 2	Empathy, tolerance and injustice	Circulation	Evolution				
Why and how did Ernest Shackleton travel to Antarctica	Was World War 1 really the 'war to end all wars'?	What was life like for a child during World War 2? Who was Anne Frank and why should she be remembered?	Who was James Somersett and how did he change the world? Can we rely on the past to predict what the future might be like?	Was the first heart transplant ethically a good thing?	Charles Darwin, controversial or correct?				
			What can be learnt from the civil rights and Black Lives Matter movements?						

## **National Curriculum Coverage**

Early Years and Key Stage 1 History – Aims Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.									
Early Years									
This is me	This is meThis us youWho are theyWhere are theyWhere do we fitLooking forwa								
People and Communities -	Range 5	· · · ·							
• Remembers and talks a	bout significant events in the	r own experience							
• Recognises and describ	es special times or events for	family or friends [some of th	ese may be from the past]						
• Shows interest in differ	ent occupations and ways of	ife indoors and outdoors [so	me of these may be from the	e past]					
People and Communities -	People and Communities - Range 6								
• Talks about past and pr	<ul> <li>Talks about past and present events in their own life and in the lives of family members</li> </ul>								
Statutory ELG: Past and Pre	statutory ELG: Past and Present								

• Know some similarities	the people around them and and differences between thi	their roles in society ngs in the past and now, drawing on their experiences an Id events encountered in books read in class and storytel	
	nough settings, characters ar	Year 1	ing.
Brilliant Brackley / Banbury	Arctic Explorers	World Changers throughout history	London and the Great Fire of 1666
<ul> <li>A local history study of Banbury comparing the past to the present day</li> <li>significant historical events, people and places in their own locality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>changes within living memory – where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life</li> <li>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</li> </ul>
		Year 2	
		The Great Rainforests	The British Coastline
<ul> <li>Significant buildings around the world</li> <li>significant historical events, people and places in their own locality</li> <li>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (development of the railways)</li> <li>the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods</li> </ul>

#### Key Stage 2 History Aims

Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

	Yea	ar 3	
The Stone Age to the Iron Age	Natural Disasters	The Romans in Britain	The Anglo-Saxons, The Vikings and the battle for England in 1066
<ul> <li>Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age</li> <li>late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers, for example, Skara Brae</li> <li>Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge</li> <li>Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture</li> </ul>	The geological history of planet Earth from Pangea to today An in-depth study of three natural disasters from history 1. 1906 San Francisco earthquake 2. The eruption of Krakatoa is 1883 3. The 2004 Indonesian Tsunami To understand our knowledge of the past is constructed from different sources To interpret, discuss and evaluate trustworthiness of historical sources To ask historically valid questions about past events	<ul> <li>The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain</li> <li>Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54 BC</li> <li>the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army</li> <li>successful invasion by Claudius and conquest, including Hadrian's Wall</li> <li>British resistance, for example, Boudica</li> <li>'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots</li> <li>Viking raids and invasion</li> <li>resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England</li> <li>further Viking invasions and Danegeld</li> <li>Anglo-Saxon laws and justice</li> <li>Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066</li> </ul>

		Year 4		
A local history study – the battle of Edgehill and the English Civil War	Light and lenses	The Ancient Egyptians	Mountains, Riv	vers and Oceans
A local history study a study over time tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality (this can go beyond 1066)	A study developing a basic understanding of Black Holes; investigating the work of John Michell and how this informed the work of Prof. Stephen Hawking how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world	<ul> <li>Why the afterlife was so important and what preparation was undertaken</li> <li>The class structure of Egyptian society</li> <li>Egyptian language and the Rosetta stone</li> <li>The Valley of the Kings and the discovery of Tutankhamun</li> <li>What evidence is there that the Rive Nile was key in the development of economics in ancient societies?</li> <li>How has Egypt changed from Ancient times to the modern day?</li> <li>What happened in Egypt in 1919?</li> <li>gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts: understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long-term timescales</li> </ul>		history of these islands as a rrative, from the earliest ow people's lives have v Britain has influenced and
		Year 5		
	t Greeks it a good thing?	The Victorians - The Industrial Revolution	The Mayans	Earth and Space
Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their	a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066	a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen	The story of human understanding of our place in the universe and how it has changed from

influence on the western world know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non- European societies; achievements and follies of mankind	knowledge beyond 1066 changes in an aspect of social history – the development of free and fair elections in Britain and the west	change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses		from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300.	The Stone Age to the present day gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts: understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and between short- and long- term timescales
		Yea	ar 6		
The Exploration of Antarctica	World War I	World War 2	Empathy, tolerance and injustice	Circulation	Evolution
A study of the life and work of Ernest Shackleton know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world	A study of the political events that led to World War 1 and what happened to Europe between November 11 1918 and 1933 gain historical perspective by placing their growing knowledge into different contexts: understanding the connections between local, regional, national and international history; between cultural, economic, military, political, religious and social history; and	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 To understand our knowledge of the past is constructed from different sources To interpret, discuss and evaluate trustworthiness of historical sources To ask historically valid questions about past events	A study into the work of Dr Martin Luther King and Rosa Parks and how the civil rights movement informed the Black Lives Matter movement understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed	The history of the NHS and organ transplant in the UK and internationally know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world	A study of the life and work of Charles Darwin know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world

between sh	ort- and long-	understand historical	
term timeso	cales	concepts such as	
		continuity and change,	
		cause and consequence,	
		similarity, difference and	
		significance, and use	
		them to make	
		connections, draw	
		contrasts, analyse trends,	
		frame historically valid	
		questions and create	
		their own structured	
		accounts, including	
		written narratives and	
		analyses	

## **Coverage of Core Concepts**

Core C	Concept	Definition	Times examined
	Exploration	Travelling across or through something to discover new places	15
	Invasion	To enter a country or group's land as an enemy, by force, in order to conquer or plunder	9
	Cultural Change	Changes to the way that a society or culture is run, how it functions or is governed	16
The sector	Rebellion	An armed fight or uprising against the rulers of the area that one lives within	6
	Empire	A group of nations or people under one ruler or government	12
	Technological Advancement	Changes in technology over time within a specific society or civilisation	20
CED PELA	Crime and Punishment	Laws and subsequent actions for those that do not follow set rules	10

#### **Core Concept Coverage**

			EY	FS						
Term 1 and 2	<u>This is me and This is You</u> How have I grown and changed? How have my family grown and changed? Who in my family are older than me? What were some jobs like in the past and what are they like now?									
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
			<u>Who a</u>	e they and where ar	e they?					
Term 3 and 4	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
	Where do we fit and looking forward									
Term 5 and 6	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
			Yea							
Term 1	<b>Brilliant Brackley / Banbury / Sibford (delete as appropriate)</b> How has my home town changed over time? Was there ever a castle at Brackley / Banbury / Sibford? Where has it gone?									
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
	Arctic Adventures									
Term 2	How has being an artic explorer changed over time?									
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
Term 3 and 4	How did Mary Sea	World Changers throughout history How did Mary Seacole, Alexander Fleming, Crick, Watson and Franklin, and the scientist working at Oxford University in 2020 change the world?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment			
Term 5 and 6			Londor Who was to blame ar	n and the Great Fire of ad who helped in the		?				

	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
			Yea	ir 2				
Term 1 and 2	Why did castles be	come such a promine	nt part of England? W	n <mark>t Buildings Around t</mark> ere castles just built in s were built and why	n Brackley or did othe	r places have them? W	'hat other types of	
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
Term 3 and 4		Who	-	The Great Rainforests y called El Dorado in t and what happened	the Amazon Jungle?	gland?		
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
Term 5 and 6	<u>The British Coastline</u> How did the railways change the British coastline? Who was William Henry Smith and why were the railways so important to him? Why did the Victorians start visiting the seaside? How has the seaside changed since the Victorian times?							
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
			Yea	ir 3				
Term 1 and 2	<u>The Stone Age to the Iron Age</u> What was 'new' about the New Stone Age (and how do we know)? What was better, the bronze or the iron age?							
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
Term 3	<u>Natural Disasters</u> Where is the oldest rock on planet Earth? What made the eruption of Vesuvius, Krakatoa and the South East Asian tsunami so deadly?							
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
Term 4	How did the Rom	ans influence the cult		The Romans in Britair iving in Britain? How o	—	e Britain and how succ	essful were they?	
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment	
Term 5 and 6			The Saxons, The Vi	kings and the battle f	or England in 1066			

		What was life	e better in Anglo Saxon	n Britain? The Vikings -	– ruthless killers or pe	eaceful settlers			
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
			Yea	ar 4					
		<u>A I</u>	ocal history study – Tl	he Battle of Edgehill a	and the English Civil \	<u>War</u>			
Term 1	What local evidence do we have that a key battle in the English Civil war took place near by?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
				Light and lenses		Advancement	T unishinene		
Term 2	All light comes from the big bang, true or false? Why can't we see a black hole?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological	Crime and		
						Advancement	Punishment		
	The Ancient Egyptians								
Term 3 and 4	Should the Ancient Egyptians have been proud of their pyramids? Was the river Nile the source of Ancient Egypt's success? How is modern Egypt								
	different from Ancient Egypt? Who was Huda Sha'arawi and how did she change Egypt?								
	E-mlanation		Cultured Change	Dahallian	Franira	Technological	Crime and		
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Advancement	Punishment		
Term 5 and 6	Mountains, rivers and oceans								
	Who was the first person to climb Mt Everest? What happened afterwards and was it fair?								
	Has the use of the river Thames changed over time? Why?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological	Crime and		
					p c	Advancement	Punishment		
			Yea						
	The Ancient Greeks, Democracy – a good thing or not?								
	Can we thank Ancient Greece for anything in our lives today? How can we find out about the civilisation of the Ancient Greeks? Does democracy								
Term 1 and 2				allow for progress?		Taskuslasiaal	Cuint a start		
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological	Crime and		
			The Vieter	ione The Industrial [	Pavalution	Advancement	Punishment		
Term 3 and 4	<u>The Victorians - The Industrial Revolution</u> How did daily life change over the reign of Queen Victoria? Was it really better to be rich than poor as a child in Victorian times?								
	How did the child of an American slave make Thomas Edison famous?								
	now did the thind of an American slave make momus ealson jumous?								
						Technological	Crime and		
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Advancement	Punishment		
T				The Mayans					
Term 5	What was life like for an ordinary Mayan?								

	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
Term 6	Earth and Space What has the history of space travel taught us about the universe? Why did American teacher Christa McAuliffe become a world-famous astronaut?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
	1			ar 6					
Term 1	<u>Frozen Kingdoms - Antarctica</u> Why and how did Ernest Shackleton travel to Antarctica?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
Term 2	<u>World War 1</u> Was World War 1 really the 'war to end all wars'?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
Term 3	<u>World War 2</u> What was life like for a child during World War 2? Who was Anne Frank and why should she be remembered?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
	Empathy, tolerance and injustice Can we rely on the past to predict what the future might be like? Who was James Somersett and how did he change the world?								
Term 4	What can be learnt from the civil rights and Black Lives Matter movements?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
Term 5	<u>Circulation</u> Was the first heart transplant ethically a good thing?								
	Exploration	Invasion	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological Advancement	Crime and Punishment		
Term 6	<u>Evolution</u> Charles Darwin, controversial or correct?								

	Exploration	Invasion Cu	Cultural Change	Rebellion	Empire	Technological	Crime and
						Advancement	Punishment